

# ADULTS ADVANCED ENGLISH LESSON 10 \*\*\*CONJUNCTIONS “AND” “BUT” “OR” “SO” “BECAUSE”

## \*\*\* OBJECTIVE \*\*\*

Introduce the use of conjunctions and, but, or, also and because.

Include general sentences and vocabulary.

## \*\*\* RESOURCES \*\*\*

- Whiteboard and Pens.
- Sign in sheet

1) It was late.	I went to bed.	I was tired.
2) I wouldn't like to live there.	I always enjoy visiting London.	London is too big.
3) I wanted to go to the concert.	I couldn't get tickets.	The tickets were sold out.
	I decided to watch the zoom video live stream.	I decided to enjoy it from home.
4) She loves to cook.	She often tries new recipes.	She enjoys experimenting with flavors.
	Sometimes the dishes don't turn out as expected.	
5) It was raining heavily outside.	I was still feeling restless.	I had planned to go for a walk.
	I decided to stay indoors and watch a movie.	I was still feeling restless.

- Large printout of “SO” “AND”, “BUT” or “BECAUSE” multiple sentences.

## \*\*\* 1 Idioms Warm Up \*\*\*

### IN THE BAG

- Something unknown (need to look in the bag)
- Something that is guaranteed success.
- The first fish caught on an outing.

### IN THE NICK OF TIME

- Finishing an activity just before it is too late.
- Finishing an activity with lots of time to spare.
- Finishing an activity late, but only just.

### IT TAKES TWO TO TANGO

- A way of saying that two people are needed for an action to take place.
- A phrase used when selling a used car.
- A way of saying you need to pay to ride (comes from when buses in London were 2 penny)

### JUMP ON THE BANDWAGON

- To stop drinking.
- To interrupt someone playing music.
- To join a popular activity

### THE LAST (FINAL) STRAW

- The final problem of many problems that leads to bad things happening.
- The final part of construction (like a house, roof, making a chair)
- The last bullet in a gun.

### \*\*\* 2 Introduction of AND, BUT, SO, BECAUSE\*\*\*

#### PRE-PREP WHITEBOARD WITH CONJUNCTIONS

AND – (no)

BUT – (maibe) – Used to introduce a phrase that contrasts (kontraste) the previous phrase.

SO – (entaun) – The result (implikasaun) of something.

BECAUSE – (tanba) – The reason for the previous phrase.

### \*\*\*3 USE “AND” “BUT” “OR” to join the sentences\*\*\*

**A**

and	but	or	so	because
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We use these words (*conjunctions*) to join two sentences. They make one longer sentence from two shorter sentences:

sentence A    The car stopped.    sentence B    The driver got out.

The car stopped **and** the driver got out.

**B**    and/but/or

sentence A		sentence B
We stayed at home	<b>and</b>	(we)* watched television.
My sister is married	<b>and</b>	(she)* lives in London.
He doesn't like her	<b>and</b>	she doesn't like him.
I bought a newspaper	<b>but</b>	I didn't read it.
It's a nice house	<b>but</b>	it hasn't got a garden.
Do you want to go out	<b>or</b>	are you too tired?

\* It is not necessary to repeat 'we' and 'she'.

Study these sentences. We use **and** between the last two things:

- I got home, had something to eat, sat down in an armchair **and** fell asleep.
- Ann is at work, Sue has gone shopping **and** Chris is playing football.

1) We stayed at home.

We watched a film.

2) My sister is married.

She lives in London.

3) He doesn't like her.

She doesn't like him.

4) He doesn't like her.

She does like him.

5) I bought a newspaper.

I didn't read it

6) It's a nice house.

It hasn't got a garden.

7) Do you want to go out?

Are you too tired?

8) Would you like Tea?

Would you like Coffee?

9) You can go to the park.

You can go to the beach.

10) You can go to the park.

You can eat your lunch.

For dinner we can have pasta, pizza **OR** salad.

You can buy apples, oranges, **OR** bananas at the store

***RULES TO REMEMBER***

Always a “,” before “but”!!!

**\*\*\* 4 USE “SO” and “BECAUSE” TO join the sentences\*\*\***

- |                           |                              |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1) It was very hot .      | I opened the window          |
| 2) It was cold.           | I opened the window.         |
| 3) I opened the window.   | It was very hot.             |
| 4) They like films.       | They often go to the cinema. |
| 5) Lisa is hungry         | She didn't have breakfast.   |
| 6) We didn't go swimming. | The water wasn't clean.      |

***RULES TO REMEMBER***

Always a “,” before “so”!!!

Also “Because the water wasn't clean, we didn't go swimming.”

*Ask the students to rearrange the “because” sentences above to put “because” at the start of the sentence.*

**\*\*\*5 MORE “AND” “BUT” “OR” EXAMPLES\*\*\***

~~I stayed at home.~~  
~~I bought a newspaper.~~  
I went to the window.  
I wanted to phone you.  
I jumped into the river.  
I usually drive to work.  
Do you want me to come with you?

I didn't have your number.  
Shall I wait here?  
~~I didn't read it.~~  
I went by bus this morning.  
~~I watched television.~~  
I swam to the other side.  
I looked out.

**\*\*\* 6 USE “SO” “AND”, “BUT” or “BECAUSE” TO join these sentences into one\*\*\***

1) It was late.	I went to bed.	I was tired
2) I wouldn't like to live there.	I always enjoy visiting London.	London is too big.
3) I wanted to go to the concert.	I couldn't get tickets.	The tickets were sold out.
	I decided to watch the zoom video live stream.	I decided to enjoy it from home.
4) She loves to cook.	She often tries new recipes.	She enjoys experimenting with flavors.
	Sometimes the dishes don't turn out as expected.	
5) It was raining heavily outside.	I was still feeling restless.	I had planned to go for a walk.
	I decided to stay indoors and watch a movie.	I was still feeling restless.

**\*\*PRINT OUT LARGE FOR WHITEBOARD\*\***

1) (PAST) It was late. I went to bed. I was tired

(EXPLAIN PRESENT)

2) I wouldn't like to live there. I always enjoy visiting London. London is too big.

3) I wanted to go to the concert. I couldn't get tickets. The tickets were sold out.  
I decided to watch the zoom video live stream. I decided to enjoy it from home.

*ANSWER 3) - I wanted to go to the concert, ~~but~~. I couldn't get tickets. ~~because~~ They were sold out., ~~so~~ I decided to watch the live stream. ~~and~~ I decided to enjoy it from home*

4) She loves to cook. She often tries new recipes. She enjoys experimenting with flavors.  
Sometimes the dishes don't turn out as expected.

*ANSWER 4) She loves to cook, and ~~she~~ often tries new recipes because she enjoys experimenting with flavors, but sometimes the dishes don't turn out as expected.*

**This example has the sentences mixed up.**

5) It was raining heavily outside. I was still feeling restless. I had planned to go for a walk. I decided to stay indoors and watch a movie. I was still feeling restless.

**ANSWER 5) It was raining heavily outside, so I decided to stay indoors and watch a movie, but I was still feeling restless because I had planned to go for a walk.**